

WWE NBM Evaluation

New England Snow *February 23rd 00z - February 24th 00z*

Robert Haynes - Forecaster BTV





• Synoptic Overview

- Observations + Forecast Challenges
- Evaluation of the NBM
- Key Messages and Probabilistic Utilization



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration



Regional Focus







Synoptic Overview





Synoptic Overview - GFS Forecast Valid 2023 Feb 22 01 UTC

Two troughs to impact New England off the Baja entering California about 24 hours prior.



Downstream, fast zonal flow between an upper low in Canada and a building upper high near the Florida Peninsula.





Synoptic Overview - GFS Forecast Valid 2023 Feb 22 12 UTC

The trough over the Baja began to eject northeast. The western trough over California would be responsible for heavy snow in the Northern Plains.



Warm, subtropical air (record breaking in the Southeastern US) would begin to advance north ahead of these systems.





Synoptic Overview - GFS Forecast Valid 2023 Feb 22 18 UTC

Somewhat out of the domain, is a 1036 hPa moving from Alberta Province in Canada. This would be critical to maintaining cold, dry air advecting into New England.



While temperatures would remain cool enough at the surface, warm temperatures were observed aloft, which would impact precipitation type and dendrite characteristics.





Synoptic Overview - GFS Forecast Valid 2023 Feb 23 03 UTC

Generally favorable jet configuration along the extensive warm front.



Anticyclonic flow aloft with southwest winds aloft north of Montreal and west to west southwest off the Atlantic pointed to some upper diffluence.





Synoptic Overview - GFS Forecast 2023 Feb 23 at 01 UTC and 06 UTC



500 hPa trough begins to flatten as it moves into fast zonal flow



Synoptic Overview - NAM and GFS Forecast Valid 2023 Feb 23 12 UTC



Forecast 850hPa winds showed low-level convergence along the sharp boundary.





Synoptic Overview - GFS Forecast Valid 2023 Feb 23 03 UTC

A strong feed of moisture from the Gulf of Mexico was expected to overrun cold, northerly flow across New England.



NAEFS climatology suggested forecast PWATs near the 90th percentile over southern New England (not shown).





Thermodynamics from NAEFS Valid 2023 Feb 23 00 UTC

NAEFS Mean Temperature (C) and Climatological Percentile HOUR 012 - VALID 00:00 UTC Thu Feb 23 2023





Aloft, conditions would be much warm than usual. The 0 C layer was near 700 hPa unusually high.





Synoptic Overview - Thermodynamics

KRUT RAP Forecast Sounding Valid 2023 Feb 23 at 00 UTC

This is about 00 UTC, near the onset of the event at KRUT. This is a favorable profile, with deep layer ascent, and moist forecast sounding. Though it is somewhat drier in the boundary layer.



One can see the fast flow aloft, indicative of the jet stream near and just south of the area and the veering profile with height. The warm front has arrived.

KRUT RAP Forecast Sounding Valid 2023 Feb 23 at 12 UTC





Synoptic Overview - Thermodynamics

KALB NAM Forecast Sounding Valid 2023 Feb 23 at 09 UTC

As the event evolved, warming aloft and dry air entrainment would desaturate the dendritic growth zone.



Subfreezing temperatures were expected heading towards southern New England down into NY's capital district.





HREF 1-hr QPF and P-type Loop 2023 Feb 00 UTC thru 15 UTC







Synoptic Summary

- Precipitation was tied to an expansive warm front, with an embedded trough advecting a warm, moist air mass.
- Overrunning of record warmth in the SE US over cold, dry northerly winds would put sections of New England in the most favorable position for precipitation.
- Deep forcing for ascent would produce at least moderate snow, with embedded heavy snow.
- Dry air from surface high pressure to the north, and warm air aloft would impact precipitation type.









• Forecasts by humans noted these favorable conditions and raised the forecast above the NBM 4.1 forecasts



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Valid 2023 Feb 23 00z thru Feb 24 007





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Burlington Weather Forecast Office

12z 22 Feb

12z 23 Feb

2023 to



• HREF probability matched means were higher, and forecasters noting the favorable synoptic scale conditions leaned higher







• Based on an event confined mostly to 12 hours and snowfall forecasts of 8-12", snowfall rates of 1/hr or greater were part of the messaging.



Key Messages for Coast-to-Coast Major Winter Storm

Blizzard conditions across the Plains; Heavy snow and ice in the Midwest to interior Northeast

- The major winter storm will continue to impact areas from the Plains to the Northeast through Thursday night. Expect widespread impacts to travel, infrastructure, livestock, and recreation.
- Heavy snow will impact areas from the Northern Plains to the Upper Midwest through Thursday morning. Plan on heavy snow rates of 1-2"/hr and wind gusts of 40-50 mph, which will create blizzard/whiteout conditions, nearly impossible travel, power outages, and scattered tree damage.
- A stripe of freezing rain is also expected across parts of the Upper Midwest and Great Lakes. Some localized ice accumulations greater than 0.25" are possible, especially from eastern lowa through southern Wisconsin, northern Illinois, and southern Michigan. This will lead to treacherous travel conditions and scattered power outages in the region of heaviest freezing rain.
- Across the interior Northeast and New England, a quick burst of heavy snow is expected followed by a period of mixed precipitation including sleet and freezing rain. Heavy snow and ice accumulations up to 0.25" are likely to create difficult travel conditions and scattered power outages.

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Updated 02/22/2023

4:30 PM CS



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• Dry air and more zonal moisture transport resulted in greater sublimation

PWAT and moisture transport RAP Mesoanalysis 2023 Feb 23 09 UTC

Surface observations at 2023 Feb 23 09 UTC





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• Sleet and Freezing Rain across central NY, southern VT and into Massachusetts





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Ice Reports from NWS Albany (left) and NWS Boston (right)

**********************	TORM TO	TAL ICE*	******	*****	FREEZING RAIN
LOCATION	TOTAL	TIME/DATE		COMMENTS	Location
(i	nches)	ME	ASURED		Connecticut
CONNECTICUT					Hartford Count 2 <u>WSW</u> Burlington
Litchfield County					Bradley AP
Norfolk	0.38	1150 AM	2/23	Co-Op Observer	Hartford-Brainard
New Hartford	0.25	1250 PM	2/23	Flat ice accretion	
					Tolland County
MASSACHUSETTS					5 E Rockville
Berkshire County					Massachusetts.
Pittsfield Municipal	0.27	100 AM	2/24	Storm Total Ice	
Harriman-and-west-Ai	0.14	100 AM	2/24	ASOS	Essex County
					Lawrence AP
NEW YORK					Beverly AP
Albany County					Franklin Count
Albany Intl AP	0.22	100 AM	2/24	Storm Total Ice	Orange AP
Albany	0.20	347 PM	2/23	NWS Albany Office	
10 31 W W W W W W					Hampden County
Herkimer County					Westfield-Barnes
2 SSW Salisbury	0.20	1200 PM	2/23	Flat ice accretion	
N					Norfolk County
Montgomery County	0.10	047 04	2/22	Tradinal Contract	Norwood AP
Amsterdam	0.12	att bu	2/23	Trained Spotter	
Warren County					Worcester Coun
Floyd Bennett Memori	0.24	100 AM	2/24	Storm Total Ice	Worcester AP
rabya benneee nemora	0.LT	100 AII	-/	Scorm rocar Icc	FITCHDURG AP

REPORTS

cation	Amount	Time/Date
.Connecticut		
.Hartford County		
WSW Burlington	0.30 in	1247 PM 02/23
adley AP	0.03 in	1251 PM 02/23
rtford-Brainard AP	T in	0653 AM 02/23
.Tolland County		
E Rockville	0.15 in	1030 AM 02/23
.Massachusetts		
.Essex County		
wrence AP	0.04 in	0135 PM 02/23
verly AP	T in	1135 AM 02/23
.Franklin County		
ange <u>AP</u>	0.03 in	1137 AM 02/23
.Hampden County		
stfield-Barnes <u>AP</u>	0.22 in	0142 PM 02/23
.Norfolk County		
rwood AP	T in	0653 AM 02/23
.Worcester County		
rcester AP	0.35 in	0114 PM 02/23
tchburg AP	0.02 in	1239 PM 02/23

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Drying in the dendritic growth zone cut into SLR values (09z vs 12z)







230223/1200 Dendritic Layer RH and Depth (m, -12 to -17 C)



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Evaluation of the NBM





NBM Deterministic Day 3 - Total

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Weather Forecast Office



NBM Deterministic Day 3 - 6 HRLY

Forecast Period Ends: 06Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023





1 inch

with ob

prob

NBM Probabilistic Day 3





Probability

<mark>ර⁰ , ර⁰ Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023 | Forecast Hour: 84</mark>

4 inch prob with ob



Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb. 2023 | Forecast Hour: 84

0° 10° 20° 20° 30° 40° 50° 50° 60° 20° 80° 80°

0° 10° 20° 20° 20° 40° 50° 50° 60° 10° 80° 90°



8 inch prob with ob



12 inch prob with 8 inch contour

yton Weather Forecast Office



- What snowfall ranges would you be comfortable with?
- Based on the deterministic, would heavy snowfall rates be a potential concern?
- Would you think warning/watch/advisory decisions will be necessary down the road?
- How do you feel about the location of greatest snowfall accumulations?
- Do the deterministic and probabilistic data match in your view?





NBM Deterministic Day 2 - Total

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Weather Forecast Office



NBM Deterministic Day 2 - 6 HRLY

Forecast Period Ends: 06Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023





NBM Probabilistic Day 2



4 inch

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Probability

ල්° Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023 ∣ Forecast Hour: 60

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SWITCH BASES + Saint John with ob esri Natior Probability Atmos

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precast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb. 2023 Forecast Hour: 6



8 inch prob with ob

Change image opacity **6¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰ 5⁶¹⁰** Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb. 2023 | Forecast Hour. 60

0°10 10°10 20°10 30°10 20°10 50°10 50°10 10°10 80°10 80°1



12 inch prob with 8 inch contour

ton Weather Forecast Office



NBM Deterministic Day 3 vs Day 2

Day 3

Pariad Enda: 127 Thu 22 Eab 2022





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Day 2



NBM Probabilistic Comparing Day 3 and Day 2

4 inch prob Day 3



8 inch prob Day 3

SWITCH BASEMA

esri

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023 | Forecast Hour: 60

4 inch prob Day 2





0° 10° 20° 20° 30° 40° 50° 60° 10° 80° 80° 80°

8 inch prob Day 2

Iton Weather Forecast Office



- What snowfall forecast range would you be comfortable with?
- Based on the deterministic, would heavy snowfall rates need to be mentioned?
- Would you tell partners the forecast is on track or changing?
- Would you make warning/watch/advisory decisions?
- How do you feel about the location of greatest snowfall accumulations?
- Do the deterministic and probabilistic data match in your view?
- Do you feel more or less confident about the forecast?





NBM Deterministic Day 1 - Total

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Weather Forecast Office



NBM Deterministic Day 1 - 6 HRLY

Forecast Period Ends: 06Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb. 2023

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NBM Probabilistic Day 1

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb. 2023 | Forecast Hour: 3







8 inch prob with ob

4 inch prob with ob



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Change image opacit 6¹⁰ 10¹⁰ 10¹⁰ 30¹⁰ 10¹⁰ 50¹⁰ 50¹⁰ 10¹⁰ 10¹⁰ 50¹⁰ 50¹⁰ Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023 | Forecast Hour:

010 1010 2010 3010 4010 5010 6010 1010 8010 a010

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb. 2023 | Forecast Hour: 36



12 inch prob with 8 inch contour

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NBM Deterministic Day 2 vs Day 1

Day 2





Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Day 1





NBM Deterministic Day 3 vs Day 1

Day 3

Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023



Day 1

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NBM Probabilistic Comparing Day 2 and Day 1

4 inch prob Day 2





8 inch prob Day 2

<mark>්රී⁴ හි⁴ Forecast Period Ends: 122 Thu 23 Feb, 2023 | Forecast Hour: 36</mark>

4 inch prob Day 1





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8 inch prob Day 1

ton Weather Forecast Office



NBM Probabilistic Comparing Day 3 and Day 1

4 inch prob Day 3



8 inch prob Day 3

SWITCH BASEMA

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Forecast Period Ends: 12Z Thu 23 Feb, 2023 | Forecast Hour: 36

4 inch prob Day 1





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8 inch prob Day 1

ton Weather Forecast Office



- What snowfall forecast range would you be comfortable with?
- Based on the deterministic, would heavy snowfall rates need to be mentioned?
- Would you tell partners the forecast is on track or changing?
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- Do the deterministic and probabilistic data match in your view?
- Do you feel more or less confident about the forecast?





Robert Haynes (robert.d.haynes@noaa.gov)

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